

UCNS Autonomic Disorders Milestones

For definitions and instructions to complete milestones, please visit the <u>ACGME website</u>. **Draft 7 For Comment Period**

• UCNS Common Milestones for Interpersonal & Communication Skills, Practice-based Learning and Improvement, Professionalism, and Systems-based Practice, adopted from the ACGME Clinical Neurophysiology milestones – Not included for comment

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
 Obtains a concise medical history relevant to autonomic disorders. Obtains a basic and accurate cardiopulmonary and neurological examination. 	 Obtains a more detailed and relevant autonomic history. Utilizes electronic medical record to formulate history without distracting from the patient interview. 	 Obtains a complete, relevant and organized autonomic history synthesizing data and integrating testing results with clinical data. Reliably obtains information on all body systems potentially affected by autonomic disorders. 	 Acquires accurate histories in an efficient, prioritized, and hypothesis-driven fashion. Performs accurate physical exam targeted to the patient's problems. Uses and synthesizes data to define a patient's central clinical problem and generates a differential diagnosis and problem list. Integrates testing results with clinical findings. 	 Obtains relevant historical subtleties, including sensitive information that informs the differential diagnosis. Capable of high-level interpretation of diagnostic tests and procedures.
Comments:			Not A	pplicable

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
 Possesses foundational knowledge to apply diagnostic testing and procedures to patient care. Can assist a trained technologist with the technical aspect of autonomic testing. Recognizes factors influencing testing. Understands and is able to explain to patients testing procedure and potential symptoms that may occur. 	 Recognizes normal and abnormal findings obtained during testing. Interprets basic diagnostic testing accurately, taking into account potential technical or individual non-autonomic issues. Begins to integrate the findings of testing into patient care decisions. Applies ethical principles of informed procedural consent when appropriate. 	 Consistently interprets basic diagnostic tests accurately. Fully understands the rationale and risks of testing. Consistently recognizes appropriate indications for testing and associated risks. Generally integrates procedures and/or testing results with clinical features in the evaluation and management of patients. Accurately performs autonomic test procedures in a safe and effective manner with minimal supervision. 	 Knows the indications for, and limitations of, diagnostic testing and procedures. Consistently integrates procedures and/or testing results with clinical findings in the interpretation of testing results. Easily recognizes artifacts and normal variants. Interprets complex diagnostic tests accurately. Understands and interprets results from less commonly used autonomic tests (or variations in technique). 	 Anticipates and accounts for nuances of diagnostic interpretation. Pursues knowledge of new and emerging diagnostic tests and procedures. Demonstrates skill to independently perform and interpret complex or less common testing procedures. Demonstrates expertise to teach and supervise others in the performance of non-invasive autonomic testing.
Comments:			Not A	pplicable

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Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Describes the anatomical organization of the central autonomic control centers and peripheral parasympathetic, sympathetic and enteric nervous systems.	 Understands basic physiology of autonomic function. Understands basics of cardiovascular, respiratory, gastrointestinal, pupillary, sudomotor, and other autonomic reflexes. 	 Demonstrates knowledge of peripheral autonomic neurotransmission, including distribution of neurotransmitters and their receptors, receptor subtypes, and target organ effects. Shows advanced knowledge of normal autonomic physiology and autonomic reflexes. 	 Understands autonomic pharmacology, including pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of common drugs affecting the ANS. Describes autonomic physiology associated with complex phenomena such as neurocardiogenic syncope, GI motility and thermoregulation. 	 Demonstrates advance knowledge of autonomic physiology including off-target effects of medications, uncommon side effects and drug interactions. Demonstrates advance knowledge of autonomic pharmacology, including pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of most drugs affecting the ANS.
Comments:			Not A	pplicable

Describes the various categories of disease that can affect autonomic function.	Gives specific examples of autonomic disorders	Describes the core clinical features of	Describes the	Detailed understanding
	of different etiologies (e.g., genetic, neurodegenerative, metabolic, immune- mediated). • Understands the consequences and manifestations of baroreflex dysfunction. • Differentiates neurogenic from non- neurogenic orthostatic hypotension.	different neurodegenerative autonomic disorder. Describes common etiologies of autonomic and small fiber neuropathies (including diabetes and amyloidosis). Describes common etiologies of syncope and orthostatic intolerance. Describes differences between disorders of central versus peripheral autonomic nervous system.	pathological and pathophysiologic differences between different autonomic disorders. • Describes uncommon causes of autonomic neuropathy (such as autoimmune and paraneoplastic). • Understands nuances of the manifestations of autonomic dysfunction in diabetes. • Describes various pathophysiological mechanisms that may contribute to postural tachycardia syndrome.	of alpha-synuclein biology. Detailed understanding of familial dysautonomia and other inherited autonomic disorders. Participates in researc on or teaching in pathophysiology of autonomic disorders.

evel 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Possesses foundational knowledge of cardiac, GI & GU autonomic anatomy and physiology. Possesses basic knowledge of cardiac, GI & GU pharmacology.	 Understands the concepts of standard GI & GU testing and interprets test results Understands basic concepts of cardiac electrophysiological testing and interventions. Possesses basic knowledge to explain results of cardiac, GI, and GU testing to patients. Recognizes appropriate patients for referral, indications for testing, and associated risks. 	 Consistently interprets GI & GU basic diagnostic tests accurately with limited assistance and understands the concepts of test performance. Understands use and interpretation of other diagnostics such as Holter monitoring, ambulatory BP, echocardiography, gastric motility studies, urodynamic testing, and plasma catecholamines. Generally integrates procedures and/or testing results with clinical features in the evaluation and management of patients. 	 Knows the indications for, and limitations of, GI & GU testing and less commonly used procedures. Consistently integrates procedures and/or testing results with clinical findings in the evaluation and management of patients. Understands indications and interpretation of advanced diagnostic testing (e.g., autoantibodies, advanced imaging and tissue biopsy). 	 Demonstrates sophisticated knowledge of diagnostic methods, interpretation, limitations and controversies, including new and emerging diagnostic procedures. Demonstrates ability to work in multidisciplinary care teams with other specialists. Understands indications and implications of genetitesting.

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Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
 Differentiates between symptomatic therapies and disease-modifying therapies for autonomic disorders. Prioritizes symptoms to target for therapy. 	 Understands the concept of pharmacological and non-pharmacological therapies. Identifies symptoms that may be responsive to therapy. 	 Describes non-pharmacological approaches for common autonomic symptoms (i.e., orthostatic hypotension, constipation, syncope). Identifies approved pharmacotherapies for autonomic conditions. 	 Understands the dosing, efficacy, and side effects of commonly used drugs. Able to counsel patients about risks and benefits of initiating therapy. Develops a comprehensive treatment plan for patients with autonomic disorders including pharmacological and non-pharmacological interventions. 	 Demonstrates competence to describe an approach to immunotherapies for immune-mediated autonomic disorders. Describes emerging symptomatic and disease-modifying therapies.
Comments:			Not A	pplicable